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Section I - Product Identification

Product: A colorless aqueous solution of formaldehyde,

Intended Uses: An in-vitro diagnostic reagent intended to be used as a laboratory fixative.

Uses advised against: Only for use by laboratory professionals.

Country of Origin: United States.

Manufacturer Identification

Medical Chemical Corp.
19430 Van Ness Ave.
Torrance, CA 90501

Customer Service: Phone (310)787-6800
Email. Customerservice@med-chem.com
FAX (310)787-4464



Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC Emergency Response Telephone Number: (800)424-9300. Note: The CHEMTREC phone number is only for emergencies involving spills, leaks, fire, exposure or accident. Please direct all other inquiries to our customer service phone number.

Section II - Hazard Identification

This item is considered hazardous by 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2 (H315). Causes skin corrosion/irritation.

Skin sensitization: Category 1 (H317). May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Serious eye damage/eye Irritation: Category 2A (H319). Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific organ toxicity: Category 2 (H335). May cause respiratory irritation.

Mutagen: Category 2 (H341). Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity: Category 1B (H350). May cause cancer.

Specific organ toxicity: Category 2 (H371). May cause damage to organs.

Signal word: Danger.

Hazard statements

According to the harmonized classification and labeling recommended by OSHA and the European Union, this substance is toxic if swallowed and in contact with the skin. It can cause skin burns and eye damage as well as an allergic skin reaction. It is toxic if inhaled and may cause cancer. It is suspected of causing genetic defects.

Precautionary Statements

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surface, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection...

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

264+P265: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

Safety Ratings

Health: Hazardous *Flammability:* Slight *Reactivity:* None *Contact:* Slight

Recommended safety equipment: safety goggles, lab coat and proper gloves

Storage: General storage

NFPA Ratings

Health = 2. Can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury

Flammability = 2. Must be heated or high ambient temperature to burn

Reactivity = 0. Stable

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation of formaldehyde can lead to congestion, coughing and shortness of breath. Frequent skin contact leads to drying and scaling. Ingestion will damage the throat, stomach and intestines resulting in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. Lowered blood pressure, spontaneous abortion, loss of consciousness and kidney damage may result. Inhalation of high concentrations of vapor (14 ppm) have caused cancer in laboratory animals. Formaldehyde is carcinogenic to humans. Genetic damage in bacteria has been demonstrated.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. May cause asthma like symptoms in sensitive individuals. Formaldehyde is a known human carcinogen and inhalation causes nasal tumors.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed Causes irritation and chemical burns to the mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach. Can also cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, etc.

Skin contact: Contact can cause severe injury to the skin accompanied by drying, cracking, and scaling. May cause skin irritation and/or aggravation of existing dermatitis. May cause discoloration of the skin.

Eye contact: Vapors may cause stinging sensation and tearing. Solution contact can cause corneal injury which can cause visual impairment if not dealt with immediately.

Aggravation of preexisting conditions: May aggravate preexisting asthma and other lung diseases. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization. Repeated or chronic inhalation of the vapor may cause chronic inflammation of the upper respiratory tract.

Section III - Composition/Information on Components

Ingredients	CAS#	EC-No.	%
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	31.791-2	4% w/w
Methanol	67-56-1	00-001-8	~ 1% w/w

Also contains a sodium phosphate buffer system.

Section IV - First Aid Measures

Remove victims from exposure. Emergency personnel should avoid self-exposure. Evaluate vital signs including pulse and respiratory rate, and note any trauma. If no pulse is detected, provide CPR. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen or other respiratory support.

Inhalation: If a person breathes large amounts of this chemical, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.

Ingestion: If the victim is conscious and alert give the victim water or milk and induce vomiting, but only if they are conscious and alert. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Administer activated charcoal (75 g per 6oz, water) or other adsorbent if available. Call a physician immediately.

Skin contact: If this chemical contacts the skin, flush the contaminated skin with water promptly. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and flush the skin with water promptly. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention.

Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Flush thoroughly with running water for several minutes. Get immediate medical advice.

Section V - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire: The solution gives off formaldehyde vapors when heated. These vapors are flammable over a wide concentration range.

Explosion: Aqueous formaldehyde solutions have a potential explosion hazard when heated above their flash points.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Any means suitable for surrounding fire.

Special information: Pyrolysis will release formaldehyde vapor, formic acid and carbon monoxide.

Section VI - Accidental Release Measures

Wear appropriate protective gear such as gloves, apron and protective eye wear. Absorb with a suitable absorbent (such as paper towels) and store in a suitable container for disposal. Large spills may be neutralized with formalin neutralizers. Should not be released into the environment.

Section VII - Handling and Storage

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P102: Keep out of the reach of children

Section VIII - Exposure Control/Personal Protection

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	NIOSH IDLH
Formaldehyde	0.1 ppm (TWA)	TWA 0.75 ppm	0.3 ppm TLV	20 ppm
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm (skin) STEL: 250 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm (skin)	TWA: 200 ppm (skin)	6000 ppm

Legend

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

IDLH: Immediately dangerous to life or health.

Ventilation System: Local exhaust such as explosion proof chemical fume hoods are recommended. When required, Refer to the ACGIH document, "Industrial Ventilation, a Manual of Recommended Practices" for details about ventilation.

Personal Respirator: Usually not required. In case of emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown, use a positive pressure, full face piece, air supplied respirator.

Skin protection: Protective gloves are recommended as part of good laboratory practice.

Eye Protection: Laboratory safety goggles or similar products are recommended as part of good laboratory practice.

Section IX - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance and Odor: A colorless aqueous solution which has a pungent irritating odor. The vapors are heavier than air and are highly irritating to the nose. .

Flash point: 185 °F(85 °C)

Auto ignition temperature: Not applicable

Boiling point range: No data

Decomposition temperature: No data

Melting point: ~ 0 °C

pH: 7

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 40 @ 39 °C

Viscosity: 0.01 poise

Flammable Limits (for methanol): 7% LEL, 70% UEL

Boiling Point: ~ 100 °C (212 °F)@ 1 atm

Density: 1.02 g/ml @ 22.5 °C

Evaporation Rate (Water = 1): 1

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water): No data

Solubility: Infinitely miscible with water

Vapor density (air = 1): 1.07 for formaldehyde gas

Volatile organic carbon (VOC): 40 g/l

Section X - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: formaldehyde vapor, formic acid, paraformaldehyde and carbon monoxide, .

Hazardous polymerization: Polymerizes violently in the presence of caustics and nitrides.

Incompatibilities: Reacts violently with perchloric acid-aniline, performic acid, nitromethane, magnesium carbonate, hydrogen peroxide and oxidizers.

Conditions to avoid: Freezing and elevated temperatures.

Section XI - Toxicological Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Formaldehyde	100 mg/kg (Rat)	270 mg/kg (Rabbit)	0.57 mg/l/4h (Rat)
Methyl alcohol	5628 mg/kg (Rat)	15,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	131 mg/l/4h (Rat)

Toxic by ingestion or inhalation. The chronic toxicity of this product is unknown but may include sensitization in sensitive individuals. Formaldehyde is a known human carcinogen

Cancer lists

Ingredient	Known Carcinogenicity?	NTP?		Anticipated?	IARC Category
Formaldehyde	yes	no	yes		1
Methanol	no	no	no		none

Section XII - Ecological Information

Methanol and formaldehyde are not expected to bioaccumulate. The material is removed from the air by dry and liquid adsorption. Both chemicals biodegrade quickly and are not expected to be endocrine disrupters, persistent organic pollutants or ozone depleters.

Soil Mobility: Unknown.

Environmental Fate: Biodegradable

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard: Category 3 (H402). Harmful to aquatic life.

Formaldehyde

Toxicity to freshwater fish (striped bass): LC50 = 6.7 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to invertebrates (water flea): EC50 = 4.8 mg/l, 48 h

Toxicity to freshwater algae (green algae): EC50 = 4.89 mg/l, 72 h

Methanol

Toxicity to freshwater fish (blue gill): LC50 = 15,400 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to invertebrates (water flea): EC50 = 18,260 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to freshwater algae (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*): EC50 = 22,000 mg/l, 72 h

Section XIII - Disposal Considerations

Incineration at a licensed chemical disposal facility is the preferred disposal method for formaldehyde. Because formaldehyde is a known human carcinogen, local and state governments often restrict the amount that may be flushed down the drain without neutralization. Neutralization may be achieved with glycine, bisulfite or ammonia. There are also proprietary products that are authorized for formaldehyde. Dispose of contents and container in accord with all federal, state and local regulations.

Section XIV - Transportation Information

Formalin solutions with less than 10% formaldehyde are not regulated by DOT or IATA.

Section XV - Regulatory Information

Chemical Inventory Status

Ingredient	TSCA	EC
Formaldehyde	Yes	Yes
Methanol	Yes	Yes

Federal, State and International Regulations

Ingredient	SARA 302		SARA 313		RCRA	TSCA	
	RQ	TPQ	List	Category	261.33	8(D)	Ca. Prop 65
Formaldehyde	100	500	Yes	No	U122	No	Yes
Methanol	No	No	Yes	No	U154	No	Yes


Chemical Weapons Convention: No

TSCA 12(b): No

CDTA: Yes

SARA 311/312

Acute:	Yes
Chronic:	Yes
Fire:	No
Pressure:	No
Reactivity:	No

 Warning: This product contains formaldehyde and methanol which are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov

Section XVI - Other Information

This information is believed to be correct at the time of publication but is not guaranteed as such, nor does it purport to be all inclusive. Medical Chemical Corp. assumes no liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information. The user assumes all responsibility for compliance with federal, state and local laws.

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